

Energy Savings Modeling and Inspection Guidelines for Commercial Building Federal Tax Deductions

M. Deru

Technical Report
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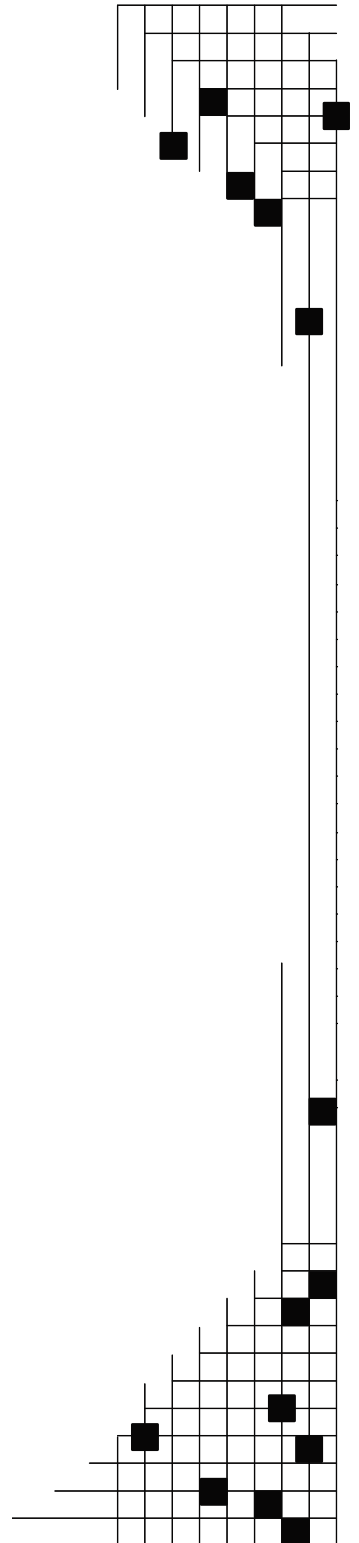


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Prepared under Task No. BEC62001

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Contents

Acknowledgments.....	iii
1 Introduction.....	1
2 Guidelines for the Interim Lighting Rule.....	1
3 Energy Modeling Guidelines	2
3.1 Calculating the Energy and Power Cost Savings	3
3.2 Software Requirements.....	4
3.3 Weather Data	4
3.4 Building Model Parameters	5
3.5 Internal Loads and Schedules	6
3.6 Use of Standard 90.1-2004 Appendix G	7
3.7 Model Documentation	9
4 Inspection Guidelines.....	10
5 References	11
Appendix A – Lighting System Compliance Form	12
Appendix B – 2005 California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Infiltration Modeling Rules	14
Appendix C – 2005 California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Internal Loads and Schedules	15
Appendix D – 2005 California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Illuminance Categories and Luminaire Power.....	25

1 Introduction

This document provides guidance for modeling and inspecting energy-efficient property in commercial buildings for certification of the energy and power cost savings related to § 179D of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) enacted in § 1331 of the 2005 Energy Policy Act (EPAct 2005) and noted in Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Notice 2006-52. Specifically, § 179D provides federal tax deductions for energy-efficient property related to a commercial building’s envelope; interior lighting; heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC); and service hot water (SHW) systems.

The qualification levels and tax deductions are summarized in Table 1. A fully qualifying property saves at least 50% in energy and power costs for improvements in the envelope, lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems compared to a reference building that meets the minimum requirements of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2001 with addenda a, b, c, d, and k (Standard 90.1-2001) as defined in IRS Notice 2006-52. A partially qualifying property saves at least 16⅔% in energy and power costs through efficiency improvements in any one of envelope, lighting, or HVAC and SHW. The energy and power cost savings are determined for the energy use in the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems. In addition, the interim lighting rule provides for tax deductions based on reductions in the lighting power density (LPD).

The taxpayer must obtain certification of the savings from the energy-efficient property to qualify for the federal tax deductions. The certification requirements are defined in Section 4 of IRS Notice 2006-52. The certification process includes calculating the energy and power cost savings and inspection of the energy-efficient property by a qualified individual as defined in Notice 2006-52. The Performance Rating Method (PRM) from Appendix G of ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2004, with the additional guidance presented in Section 3 of this document, shall be used to compute the energy and power cost savings. Section 4 of this document provides guidance for the inspection of the energy-efficient property.

Table 1 Summary of Tax Deductions

	Fully Qualifying Property	Partially Qualifying Property			
		Envelope	HVAC and SHW	Lighting	Interim Lighting Rule
Savings Requirements*	50% energy and power cost savings	16⅔% energy and power cost savings	16⅔% energy and power cost savings	16⅔% energy and power cost savings	25% lower LPD (50% for warehouses)
Tax Deduction	Cost of qualifying property up to \$1.80/ft ²	Cost of qualifying property up to \$0.60/ft ²	Cost of qualifying property up to \$0.60/ft ²	Cost of qualifying property up to \$0.60/ft ²	Cost of qualifying property up to \$0.60/ft ² times applicable percentage**

* Savings refer to the reduction in the energy and power costs of the combined energy for the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems as compared to a reference building that meets the minimum requirements of Standard 90.1-2001.

** The tax deduction is prorated depending on the reduction in LPD. See IRS Notice 2006-52 for the definition of “applicable percentage.”

2 Guidelines for the Interim Lighting Rule

This section provides guidance for the tax deduction under the interim lighting rule in § 179D of the IRC. The interim rule states that the LPD must be reduced at least 25% (50% for warehouses) from the values in Standard 90.1-2001 Tables 9.3.1.1 or 9.3.1.2. The building area method or the space by space method can be used to determine the LPD reduction in accordance to Standard 90.1-2001 Section 9.3.

According § 179D of the IRC, computer software must be used to calculate and document the reduction in the LPD. This software can be a compliance program and does not have to be a whole building hourly simulation. The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) has published the list of qualified software for the federal tax deductions at www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/info/qualified_software/. In addition, the mandatory control and minimum illuminance requirements must be documented with a physical inspection of the taxpayer’s building following these steps:

1. Fill out the mandatory provision portions of the Standard 90.1-2001 lighting compliance form to document that the taxpayer’s building meets or exceeds the mandatory provisions. The Standard 90.1-2001 compliance forms can be downloaded from ASHRAE at www.ashrae.org/template/TechnologyLinkLanding/category/1638;jsessionid=aaa8qpJvgL5h7.
2. Document the installed LPD on the Standard 90.1-2001 Lighting Compliance form and ensure that this is equal to or lower than the LPD on the documentation from the compliance software.
3. Document the IESNA minimum illuminance levels and measured illuminance levels in Table LF1 from Appendix A of this document. Record the average of measurements taken on the working surfaces or at the locations listed in the IESNA handbook. The average must equal or exceed the IESNA recommended minimum illuminance levels. In addition, no more than 2.5% of the measurements may be below 1/3 of the IESNA recommended minimum illuminance levels. This latter requirement follows a normal distribution, which assumes that two standard deviations from the measurements equal 1/3 of the recommended illuminance level.
4. Verify that the bi-level switching requirement under the interim rule for lighting systems is met in Table LF4 of Appendix A.

3 Energy Modeling Guidelines

For tax deductions that are not under the interim lighting rule, the energy and power cost savings of the taxpayer’s building are determined from annual hourly energy simulations of a Proposed Building model and a Reference Building model. Table 2 provides descriptions of the building models. The energy modeling must be completed in accordance with the PRM presented in ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2004 Appendix G, but the models must comply with the requirements of Standard 90.1-2001. This section provides guidance for coordinating Standard 90.1-2004 Appendix G methodology with the efficiency requirements of Standard 90.1-2001.

Table 2 Building and Model Descriptions

Building/ Model	Description
Taxpayer’s Building	Physical building used for the tax deduction. For new buildings or new additions to existing buildings, all systems in the new building or addition must comply with the mandatory provisions of Standard 90.1-2001. For building retrofits, all new systems must comply with the mandatory provisions of Standard 90.1-2001.
Reference Building Model	Computer simulation model that matches the Taxpayer’s Building except that the interior lighting systems, HVAC, SHW, and building envelope comply with the minimum requirements of Standard 90.1-2001.
Proposed Building Model	Computer simulation model that is identical to the Reference Building model except for the systems that are qualifying for the tax deduction. The systems qualifying for the tax deduction shall match the systems in the Taxpayer’s Building. This model may not represent the Taxpayer’s Building exactly for partially qualifying properties.

3.1 Calculating the Energy and Power Cost Savings

The energy use in the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems, as calculated from the hourly annual energy simulations, is used to determine the energy and power cost savings. Receptacle, process, and other loads are included in the energy simulations, but the energy and power costs associated with these loads are not included in the savings calculation. Power costs are defined as the monthly peak demand charges and associated taxes and fees.

To calculate the annual energy and power costs, you need to:

- Use the same utility tariff for the Proposed Building and the Reference Building models.
- Use the utility rate structure that applies to the taxpayer's building or the state average commercial building utility rates published by the Energy Information Administration (www.eia.doe.gov/). If energy is provided to the building free of charge or the building does not have its own utility billing, use the utility tariffs that would apply if the building were billed independently.
- Include all utility costs in the calculations. Monthly fixed fees should be divided between the energy and power cost totals, based on the ratio of these costs.
- Do not include on-site renewable energy generation of electricity that is connected to the building electrical system in the energy simulations or in the energy and power cost calculations.
- Solar hot water systems can be included as part of the HVAC or the SHW systems. However, if the solar hot water system was used for a different federal tax deduction, it cannot be used again for a tax deduction under § 179D of the IRC.
- Calculate the energy and power costs as follows to include all the energy and demand charges that occur due to seasonal rates, ratcheting, block charges, time of use rates, or other pricing structures:
 1. Record the monthly energy and peak electricity demand values for the entire building and the monthly energy values for the sum of the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems for the Proposed Building and the Reference Building models ($E_{i,j}$, $D_{i,j}$ and $e_{i,j}$). The monthly peak demand for the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems shall be from the same time as the building peak demand.
 2. Record the monthly energy and power costs for each type of delivered energy for the Proposed Building and the Reference Building models ($C_{i,j}$). Or calculate these numbers from the energy and peak demand values from the energy simulations.
 3. Calculate the monthly energy costs for the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems based on the fraction of the total building energy by energy type (electricity, gas, etc.) used by these systems, as shown in Equation 1 for the Proposed Building and Reference Building models ($C_{i,j}$).
 4. Calculate the combined monthly demand costs for the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems based on the fraction of the total building peak demand used by these systems, as shown in Equation 2 for the Proposed Building and the Reference Building models ($d_{i,j}$).
 5. Calculate the annual energy and power costs for the Proposed Building and Reference Building models for the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems by summing the monthly energy and power costs, as shown in Equation 3 (U_p and U_r). Calculate the energy and power costs for the Reference Building model as the average of the annual energy and power costs from the four simulations.
 6. Use Equation 4 to calculate the annual energy and power cost savings for the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems (S).

$$c_{i,j} = \frac{e_{i,j}}{E_{i,j}} C_{i,j} \quad (1)$$

$$d_{i,j} = \frac{p_{i,j}}{P_{i,j}} D_{i,j} \quad (2)$$

$$U = \sum_i \sum_j (c_{i,j} + d_{i,j}) \quad (3)$$

$$S = (U_r - U_p) / U_r \times 100 \quad (4)$$

Where:

- $c_{i,j}$ energy cost for the lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems for energy type i and month j
- $C_{i,j}$ total energy cost for the building for energy type i and month j
- $d_{i,j}$ peak demand cost for the lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems for energy type i and month j
- $D_{i,j}$ total peak demand costs for the building for energy type i and month j
- $e_{i,j}$ energy use for the lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems for energy type i and month j
- $E_{i,j}$ total energy use for the building for energy type i and month j
- $p_{i,j}$ peak demand for the lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems for energy type i and month j
coincident with the building peak demand
- $P_{i,j}$ total peak demand for the building for energy type i and month j
- S annual percent energy and power cost savings for the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems
- U_p annual energy and power costs of the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems for the Proposed Building model
- U_r annual energy and power costs of the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems for the Reference Building model

3.2 Software Requirements

The same software and version number must be used to model the Reference Building and the Proposed Building, and the software must be included (at the time the certification is given) on the DOE published list of qualified software www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/info/qualified_software/. The list of qualified compliance software for use in the interim lighting rule and for showing model code compliance is also available on this Web site.

3.3 Weather Data

The energy simulations of the Reference Building and the Proposed Building models must use the same annual hourly weather file and the same design day weather conditions. The annual weather file must represent a typical weather year for the taxpayer's building location. The weather file should be selected from the climate zone that most closely represents the typical weather conditions at the location of the taxpayer's building. This may or may not be the weather file that is located closest to the taxpayer's building. Many simulation programs provide specially formatted versions of the TMY2 or other similar weather files for use with their programs. Sources of typical weather year data files are listed in Table 3.

Table 3 Annual Weather File Sources

Weather File	Source
TMY2 – Typical Meteorological Year 2	rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/tmy2/
CTZ2 – California Climate Zone 2	www.energy.ca.gov/title24/index.html

The design day weather data used for sizing equipment shall represent the 99.6% annual cumulative frequency dry-bulb temperature for heating conditions and the 1% annual cumulative frequency dry-bulb and wet-bulb temperatures for cooling conditions. Table 4 lists sources of design day weather data.

Table 4 Design Day Weather Data Sources

Weather File	Source
ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 169-2006	(ASHRAE 2006)
ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals 2005	(ASHRAE 2005)

3.4 Building Model Parameters

As defined in Table 2, the Reference Building model represents the taxpayer’s building except that the envelope, interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW must comply with the minimum requirements of Standard 90.1-2001; and the Proposed Building model is identical to the Reference Building model, except that the building systems used for the tax deduction must match the taxpayer’s building. Table 5 shows the main modeling parameters of the two buildings.

Table 5 Summary of Building Modeling Parameters for a Fully Qualifying Building

Parameter	Reference Building Model	Proposed Building Model
Building/Space Classification	Same as taxpayer's building and in accordance with Standard 90.1-2001 § 9.3.1.1 or 9.3.1.2	Same as Reference Building model
Location	Same as taxpayer's building	Same as Reference Building model
Utility Rate Structure	Same as taxpayer's building (see Section 3.1)	Same as Reference Building model
Annual Weather Data	Typical year weather file (see Section 3.3)	Same as Reference Building model
Design Day Weather Data	See Section 3.3	Same as Reference Building model
Form (area, shape, floors)	Same as taxpayer's building	Same as Reference Building model
Orientation	Average results of four simulations rotating the building 90 degrees starting with the same orientation as the taxpayer's building	Same as taxpayer's building
Envelope *	90.1-2001 minimum requirements	Same as taxpayer's building
Interior Lighting *	90.1-2001 minimum requirements	Same as taxpayer's building
HVAC Systems *	90.1-2001 minimum requirements	Same as taxpayer's building
SHW Systems *	90.1-2001 minimum requirements	Same as taxpayer's building
Ventilation Requirements *	Standard 62-1999	Same as taxpayer's building
Receptacle Loads	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Tables N2-2 and N2-3	Same as Reference Building model
Process Loads	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual §2.4.1.5	Same as Reference Building model
Exterior Lighting	Excluded from the simulations	Excluded from the simulations
Schedules	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Tables N2-2 and N2-3	Same as Reference Building model
Infiltration	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual §2.4.1.6	Same as Reference Building model

* For a partially qualifying property, the nonqualifying systems in the Proposed Building model must match the systems in the Reference Building model.

3.5 Internal Loads and Schedules

The internal loads and operating schedules used in the energy simulations shall be the same for the Reference Building and the Proposed Building models. Use the internal loads and schedules from the California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual listed in Table 6 and included in Appendix C of this document. The occupancy schedules include schedules for occupancy, heating, cooling, fans, lights, equipment, infiltration, and hot water.

Use the operating schedules for the taxpayer's building if they are known and they are different from the daily schedules in the California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual. Document the schedules used.

Table 6 Internal Loads and Schedules (Included as Appendix C)

Load/Schedule	Source
Occupancy Rates	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Tables N2-2 and N2-3
Occupant Loads	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Tables N2-2 and N2-3
Hot Water Loads	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Tables N2-2 and N2-3
Receptacle Loads	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Tables N2-2 and N2-3
Process Loads	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Section 2.4.1.5
Occupancy Schedules	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Tables N2-4 to N2-9

3.6 Use of Standard 90.1-2004 Appendix G

The PRM in Appendix G of Standard 90.1-2004 provides a method for rating the performance of building designs that exceed the requirements of the standard. IRS Notice 2006-52 states that this method shall be used to estimate the energy and power cost savings of the taxpayer’s building. Appendix G was developed to work with the 2004 version of Standard 90.1; however, EAct 2005 specifies the use of Standard 90.1-2001. Table 7 lists changes to sections in Appendix G in Standard 90.1-2004 to align with Standard 90.1-2001. Reference Building as cited in EAct 2005 and the IRS Notice 2006-52 is the same as the Baseline Building in Standard 90.1-2004, Appendix G.

Table 7 Changes to Standard 90.1-2004 Appendix G PRM

Appendix G Section	Wording Changes and Corresponding Sections in Standard 90.1-2001
G1.2 Performance Rating	The Reference Building model must meet the mandatory provisions of § 5.2, 6.2, 7.2, 8.2, 9.2, and 10.2 in Standard 90.1-2001. The Proposed Building model matches the Reference Building model except for the systems applying for the tax deductions, which match the taxpayer’s building.
G1.2 Performance Rating	Energy performance savings include only the energy and power costs from the interior lighting, HVAC, and SHW systems (see Section 3.1).
G1.4 Documentation Requirements	The documentation requirements for the tax deductions are defined in IRS Notice 2006-52 Section 4.
G2.2 Simulation Program	The simulation program must be on DOE’s list of qualified software (see Section 3.2).
G2.3 Climate Data	See Section 3.3.
G2.4 Energy Rates	On-site renewable electricity production shall not be included in the Reference Building or in the Proposed Building models. Site-recovered energy is allowed in the models.
G2.5 Exceptional Calculation Methods	Not allowed per IRS Notice 2006-52 6.01(5)(b)(ii).
Table G3.1(3) Space Use Classification	Use the building type or space type lighting classifications in accordance with § 9.3.1.1 or 9.3.1.2 in Standard 90.1-2001.
Table G3.1(4) Schedules	California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual or the taxpayer’s building if they are known (see Section 3.6).
Table G3.1(5) Building Envelope	<p><u>Reference Building Performance</u> The Reference Building shall follow Appendix G with the following changes: (b) Opaque Assemblies: Match the thermal properties in Tables B-1 through B-26 in Standard 90.1-2001. (c) Vertical Fenestration: Fenestration U-factors and solar heat gain coefficients shall match the values for U_{fixed} and $SHGC_{all}$ in Tables B-1 through B-26 in Standard 90.1-2001. (d) Skylights and Glazed Smoke Vents: Skylight U-factors and solar heat gain coefficients shall match the values for U_{fixed} and $SHGC_{all}$ in Tables B-1 through B-26 in Standard 90.1-2001. (f) Existing Buildings: The Reference Building shall meet all the requirements.</p> <p><u>Proposed Building Performance</u> For a partially qualifying lighting or HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying envelope property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer’s building following Appendix G modeling exceptions.</p>

Appendix G Section	Wording Changes and Corresponding Sections in Standard 90.1-2001
Table G3.1(6) Lighting	<p><u>Reference Building Performance</u> Determine the allowed lighting power according to § 9.3 in Standard 90.1-2001.</p> <p><u>Proposed Building Performance</u> For a partially qualifying envelope or HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying lighting property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer's building with the following changes: (b) For lighting systems that have been designed, the lighting power shall be determined using luminaire power values from the California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Appendix NB (CEC 2004 and Appendix D of this document) or manufacturer's data. (c) The interior lighting system must be specified. (f) Credit may be taken for the use of automatic controls for daylight utilization only if their operation is modeled in the energy simulation software.</p>
Table G3.1(10) HVAC Systems	<p><u>Reference Building Performance</u> The Reference Building model shall follow Appendix G guidelines.</p> <p><u>Proposed Building Performance</u> For a partially qualifying envelope or lighting property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer's building following Appendix G modeling rules with the following change: (b) Use the standard rating conditions in § 6.2.1 in Standard 90.1-2001 if necessary.</p>
G3.1.2.1 Equipment Efficiencies	<p>The Reference Building model equipment efficiencies shall match the minimum values in § 6.2.1 in Standard 90.1-2001. For a partially qualifying lighting or envelope property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model equipment efficiencies shall match the taxpayer's building.</p>
G3.1.2.6 Economizers	<p>The Reference Building model economizers shall meet the requirements of § 6.3.1 in Standard 90.1-2001. For a partially qualifying lighting or envelope property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer's building.</p>
G3.1.2.9 Supply Fan Power	<p>The Reference Building model fan power shall be determined based on § 6.3.3.1 in Standard 90.1-2001. For a partially qualifying lighting or envelope property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer's building.</p>
G3.1.2.10 Exhaust Air Energy Recovery	<p>The Reference Building model shall meet the requirements of § 6.3.6.1 in Standard 90.1-2001. For a partially qualifying lighting or envelope property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer's building.</p>
G3.1.3.14 and G3.1.3.15 Fan Power and Part Load Performance	<p>The Reference Building model shall meet the requirements of § 6.3.3.2.1 in Standard 90.1-2001. For a partially qualifying lighting or envelope property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer's building.</p>
Table G3.1(11) Service Hot Water Systems	<p>The Reference Building model shall follow Appendix G using the minimum equipment efficiency requirements of § 7.2.2 and § 6.3.6.2 in Standard 90.1-2001 for Heat Recovery for Service Water Heating. For a partially qualifying lighting or envelope property, the Proposed Building model shall match the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying HVAC and SHW property, the Proposed Building model shall match the taxpayer's building.</p>

Appendix G Section	Wording Changes and Corresponding Sections in Standard 90.1-2001
Table G3.1(12) Receptacle and Other Loads	The receptacle and other loads for both building models shall be identical (see Section 3.5 of this document).
Table G3.1(13) Modeling Limitations to the Simulation Program	The simulation program must contain calculation methodologies for the building components being modeled per IRS Notice 2006-52 6.01(5)(b)(ii).

3.7 Model Documentation

The Reference Building and the Proposed Building models shall be documented to show that:

1. The Reference Building model meets the minimum requirements of Standard 90.1-2001.
2. The Proposed Building model matches the Reference Building model except for the systems qualifying for the tax deduction, which must match the taxpayer's building.

The models can be documented by reports generated by the modeling software, by reports generated from approved compliance software, or by manually completing the compliance forms from the Standard 90.1-2001 User's Manual. The list of approved software is available from DOE at www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/info/qualified_software/. The Standard 90.1 User's Manual compliance forms can be downloaded from ASHRAE at www.ashrae.org/template/TechnologyLinkLanding/category/1638;jsessionid=aaa8qpJvlgL5h7.

Specific guidance for each system is provided below:

Building Envelope

Document that the Reference Building model meets the Standard 90.1-2001 envelope performance requirements. For a partially qualifying lighting or HVAC and SHW property, document that the Proposed Building model matches the Reference Building model. For a fully qualifying property or a partially qualifying envelope property, document that the Proposed Building model matches the taxpayer's building.

Interior Lighting

1. Document that the lighting power for the Reference Building model meets the allowable lighting power per Standard 90.1-2001.
2. Document that the lighting power for the Proposed Building model matches the Reference Building model for partially qualifying envelope or HVAC and SHW properties, or that the lighting power for the Proposed Building model matches the taxpayer's building for partially qualifying lighting or fully qualifying properties.
3. Document the lighting controls specified for the Proposed Building model in Table LF2 in Appendix A or with copies of the building plans and specifications. Include a short description of the controls and set points for each lighting system.

HVAC and SHW Systems

1. Document that the HVAC and SHW systems for the Reference Building model meets the minimum requirements of Standard 90.1-2001.
2. Document that the HVAC and SHW system for the Proposed Building model matches the Reference Building model for partially qualifying envelope or lighting properties, or that the HVAC and SHW system for the Proposed Building model matches the taxpayer's building for partially qualifying HVAC and SHW or fully qualifying properties.

3. Document systems in the Proposed Building model that are not covered in the Standard 90.1 mandatory provisions. Include fans and pumps greater than or equal to 5 hp, economizer operation, thermal energy storage systems, energy recovery systems, natural ventilation, demand controlled ventilation, desiccant systems, combined heat and power systems, and other energy systems associated with the HVAC and SHW systems. Include in the documentation the equipment type, manufacturer model (if available), size, operating conditions, efficiencies, and control sequences. This information can be documented by including copies of the appropriate pages from the building plans and specifications.

4 Inspection Guidelines

This section provides guidelines for inspection of the systems in the taxpayer's building. The inspection must be completed by a qualified individual as defined in IRS Notice 2006-52 after the building has been placed in service. Only the systems being used for the tax deductions need to be inspected. There are two objectives for the inspection:

- Verify that the taxpayer's building meets the necessary mandatory provisions of Standard 90.1-2001.
- Verify that the specifications of the energy systems installed in the taxpayer's building used for the tax deductions meet or exceed the performance of the energy systems used in the Proposed Building model.

The qualified individual shall use the Standard 90.1-2001 compliance forms from the Standard 90.1-2001 User's Manual or equivalent forms to document that the necessary mandatory provisions have been met in the taxpayer's building. These forms can be downloaded from ASHRAE at www.ashrae.org/template/TechnologyLinkLanding/category/1638;jsessionid=aaa8qpJjvgL5h7. The results of the inspection shall be compared with the Proposed Building model documentation to ensure that the systems used for tax deductions in the taxpayer's building meet or exceed the Proposed Building model performance specifications.

Specific guidance for each system is provided below:

Building Envelope

Complete the Standard 90.1-2001 building envelope compliance form to ensure that the taxpayer's building meets or exceeds the Standard 90.1-2001 mandatory provisions and the Proposed Building model for partially qualifying envelope or fully qualifying properties.

Interior Lighting

For partially qualifying lighting or fully qualifying properties:

1. Complete the mandatory provision checklist on the Standard 90.1-2001 lighting compliance form to ensure that the taxpayer's building meets or exceeds the Standard 90.1-2001 mandatory provisions.
2. Complete all the connected lighting power tables on the Standard 90.1-2001 lighting compliance form or equivalent form and ensure that the total lighting power is less than or equal to the lighting power in the Proposed Building model.
3. Record the IESNA recommended minimum and the measured illuminance for each space in Table LF1 for the Taxpayer's Building. Record the average of measurements taken on the working surfaces or at the locations listed by the IESNA handbook. The average shall equal or exceed the IESNA recommended minimum illuminance levels. In addition, no more than 2.5% of the measurements should be below 1/3 of the IESNA recommended minimum illuminance levels. This latter

requirement follows a normal distribution assuming that two standard deviations equals 1/3 of the IESNA recommended illuminance level.

4. Verify that the lighting controls match the performance of the controls specified in the Proposed Building energy model in Table LF2. If the controls in the taxpayer's building are different than in the Proposed Building model, the Proposed Building model should be changed to match the taxpayer's building and resimulated to ensure the correct energy and power cost savings are achieved.

HVAC and SHW Systems

For partially qualifying HVAC and SHW or fully qualifying properties:

1. Fill out the Standard 90.1-2001 compliance form for HVAC and SHW systems to ensure that the taxpayer's building design meets or exceeds the Standard 90.1-2001 mandatory provisions and the Proposed Building model.
2. Verify against the documentation completed during the energy modeling of other systems not covered in the Standard 90.1 mandatory provisions. This inspection includes fans and pumps greater than or equal to 5 hp, economizer operation, thermal energy storage systems, energy recovery systems, natural ventilation, demand controlled ventilation, desiccant systems, combined heat and power systems, and other energy systems. Include in the inspection the equipment type, manufacturer model (if available), size, operating conditions, efficiencies, and control sequences.
3. Verify that the HVAC and SHW controls match the performance of the controls specified in the Proposed Building energy model. If the systems in the taxpayer's building are less efficient than in the Proposed Building model, the Proposed Building model should be changed to match the taxpayer's building and resimulated to ensure the correct energy and power cost savings are achieved.

5 References

ASHRAE (2001). *ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2001 Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings*. Atlanta, GA: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

ASHRAE (2004). *ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2004 Energy Standard for Buildings except Low-Rise Residential Buildings*. Atlanta, GA: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

ASHRAE (2005). *ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals*. Atlanta, GA: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

ASHRAE (2006). *ASHRAE Standard 169-2006 Weather Data for Building Design Standards*. Atlanta, GA: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

CEC (2004). *Nonresidential Alternative Calculation Method (ACM) Approval Manual*. P400-03-004F. Sacramento, CA: California Energy Commission. www.energy.ca.gov/title24/index.html

Table LF9 Lighting Controls Description in the Proposed Building Energy Model

Building / Space	Proposed Building Model Control System and Set Points

Table LF10 Lighting Controls Description in the Taxpayer’s Building

Building / Space	Taxpayer’s Building Control System and Set Points

Table LF11 Additional Lighting Systems Mandatory Provisions Checklist for the Interim Lighting Rule

Provision	Taxpayer’s Building
Include provision for bi-level switching in all occupancies	
Exception: hotel and motel guest rooms, store rooms, restrooms, and public lobbies	

Appendix B – 2005 California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Infiltration Modeling Rules

2.4.1.6 Infiltration

Modeling Rules for
Proposed Design:

Infiltration shall be modeled as either "ON" or "OFF" for each zone, according to the following:

- "OFF" if fans are ON and zone supply air quantity (including transfer air) is greater than zone exhaust air quantity.
- "ON" if fans are OFF.

When infiltration is "ON," the reference method calculates the infiltration rate as 0.038 cfm per square foot of gross exterior partition (walls and windows) area for the zone.

Modeling Rules for
Standard Design (All):

ACMs shall model infiltration for the standard design exactly the same as the proposed design.

Appendix C – 2005 California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Internal Loads and Schedules

Table N2-2 Occupancy Assumptions When Lighting Plans Are Submitted for the Entire Building or When Lighting Compliance Is not Performed

Occupancy Type	# People per 1000 ft ² (1)	Sensible Heat per Person (2)	Latent Heat per Person (2)	Receptacle Load W/ft ² (3)	Hot Water Btu/h per Person	Lighting W/ft ² (4)	Ventilation CFM/ft ² (5)
Auditoriums (8)	143	245	105	1.0	60	1.5	1.07
Convention Centers (8)	136	245	112	0.96	57	1.3	1.02
Financial Institutions	10	250	250	1.5	120	1.1	0.15
General Commercial and Industrial Work Buildings, High Bay	7	375	625	1.0	120	1.1	0.15
General Commercial and Industrial Work Buildings, Low Bay	7	375	625	1.0	120	1.0	0.15
Grocery Stores (8)	29	252	225	0.91	113	1.5	0.22
Hotel (6)	20	250	200	0.5	60	1.4	0.15
Industrial and Commercial Storage Buildings	5	268	403	0.43	108	0.7	0.15
Medical Buildings and Clinics	10	250	213	1.18	110	1.1	0.15
Office Buildings	10	250	206	1.34	106	1.1	0.15
Religious Facilities (8)	136	245	112	0.96	57	1.6	1.03
Restaurants (8)	45	274	334	0.79	366	1.2	0.38
Retail and Wholesale Stores (8)	29	252	224	0.94	116	1.5	0.22
Schools (8)	40	246	171	1.0	108	1.2	0.32
Theaters (8)	130	268	403	0.54	60	1.3	0.98
All Others	10	250	200	1.0	120	0.6	0.15

- (1) Most occupancy values are based on an assumed mix of sub-occupancies within the area. These values were based on one-half the maximum occupant load for exiting purposes in the CBC. Full value for design conditions. Full year operational schedules reduce these values by up to 50% for compliance simulations and full year test simulations.
- (2) From Table 1, p. 29.4, ASHRAE 2001 Handbook of Fundamentals
- (3) From Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory study. This value is fixed and includes all equipment plugged into receptacle outlets.
- (4) From Table 146-B of the Standards for the applicable occupancy. The LPD of the standard building, for areas where no lighting plans or specifications are submitted for permit and the occupancy of the building is not known, is 1.2 W.ft².
- (5) Developed from Section 121 and Table 121-A of the Standards
- (6) Hotel uses values for Hotel Function Area from Table N2-3.
- (7) For retail and wholesale stores, the complete building method may only be used when the sales area is 70% or greater of the building area.
- (8) For these occupancies, when the proposed design is required to have demand control ventilation by Section 121 (c) 3 the ventilation rate is the minimum that would occur at any time during occupied hours. Additional ventilation would be provided through demand controlled ventilation to maintain CO₂ levels according to Section 121 of the Standards.

Table N2-3 Area Occupancy Assumptions When Lighting Plans are Submitted for Portions or for the Entire Building or When Lighting Compliance is not Performed

Sub-Occupancy Type (1)	People per 1000 ft ² (2)	Sensible Heat per Person (3)	Latent Heat per Person (3)	Receptacle Load W/ft ² (4)	Hot Water Btu/h per Person	Lighting W/ft ² (5)	Ventilation CFM/ft ² (6)
Auditorium (10)	143	245	105	1.0	60	1.5	1.07
Auto Repair	10	275	475	1.0	120	1.1	1.50
Bar, Cocktail Lounge and Casino (10)	67	275	275	1.0	120	1.1	0.50
Barber and Beauty Shop	10	250	200	2.0	120	1.0	0.40
Classrooms, Lecture, Training, Vocational Room	50	245	155	1.0	120	1.2	0.38
Civic Meeting Space (10)	25	250	200	1.5	120	1.3	0.19
Commercial and Industrial Storage	3	275	475	0.2	120	0.6	0.15
Convention, Conference, Multi-purpose and Meeting Centers (10)	67	245	155	1.0	60	1.4	0.50
Corridors, Restrooms, Stairs, and Support Areas	10	250	250	0.2	0	0.6	0.15
Dining (10)	67	275	275	0.5	385	1.1	0.50
Electrical, Mechanical Room	3	250	250	0.2	0	0.7	0.15
Exercise, Center, Gymnasium	20	255	875	0.5	120	1.0	0.15
Exhibit, Museum (10)	67	250	250	1.5	60	2.0	0.50
Financial Transaction	10	250	250	1.5	120	1.2	0.15
Dry Cleaning (Coin Operated)	10	250	250	3.0	120	0.9	0.30
Dry Cleaning (Full Service Commercial)	10	250	250	3.0	120	0.9	0.45
General Commercial and Industrial Work, High Bay	10	275	475	1.0	120	1.1	0.15
General Commercial and Industrial Work, Low Bay	10	275	475	1.0	120	1.0	0.15
General Commercial and Industrial Work, Precision	10	250	200	1.0	120	1.3	0.15
Grocery Sales (10)	33	250	200	1.0	120	1.6	0.25
High-Rise Residential Living Spaces (9)	5	245	155	0.5	(7)	0.5	0.15
Hotel Function Area (10)	67	250	200	0.5	60	1.5	0.50
Hotel/Motel Guest Room (9)	5	245	155	0.5	2800	0.5	0.15
Housing, Public and Common Areas, Multi-family	10	250	250	0.5	120	1.0	0.15
Housing, Public and Common Areas, Dormitory, Senior Housing	10	250	250	0.5	120	1.5	0.15
Kitchen, Food Preparation	5	275	475	1.5	385	1.6	0.15
Laundry	10	250	250	3.0	385	0.9	0.15
Library, Reading Areas	20	250	200	1.5	120	1.2	0.15
Library, Stacks	10	250	200	1.5	120	1.5	0.15
Lobby, Hotel	10	250	250	0.5	120	1.1	0.15
Lobby, Main Entry	10	250	250	0.5	60	1.5	0.15
Locker/Dressing Room	20	255	475	0.5	385	0.8	0.15
Lounge, Recreation (10)	67	275	275	1.0	60	1.1	0.50
Malls and Atria (10)	33	250	250	0.5	120	1.2	0.25
Medical and Clinical Care	10	250	200	1.5	160	1.2	0.15
Office	10	250	200	1.5	120	1.2	0.15
Police Station and Fire Station	10	250	200	1.5	120	0.9	0.15
Religious Worship (10)	143	245	105	0.5	60	1.5	1.07

Sub-Occupancy Type (1)	People per 1000 ft ² (2)	Sensible Heat per Person (3)	Latent Heat per Person (3)	Receptacle Load W/ft ² (4)	Hot Water Btu/h per Person	Lighting W/ft ² (5)	Ventilation CFM/ft ² (6)
Retail Merchandise Sales, Wholesale Showroom (10)	33	250	200	1.0	120	1.7	0.25
Tenant Lease Space	10	250	200	1.5	120	1.0	0.15
Theater, Motion Picture (10)	143	245	105	0.5	60	0.9	1.07
Theater, Performance (10)	143	245	105	0.5	60	1.4	1.07
Transportation Function (10)	33	250	250	0.5	120	1.2	0.25
Waiting Area	10	250	250	0.5	120	1.1	0.15
All Other	10	250	200	1.0	120	0.6	0.15

- (1) Subcategories of these suboccupancies are described in Section 2.4.1.1 (Occupancy Types) of this manual.
- (2) Values based on one-half the maximum occupant load for exiting purposes in the CBC. Full value for design conditions. Full year operational schedules reduce these values by up to 50% for compliance simulations and full year test simulations.
- (3) From Table 1, p. 29.4, ASHRAE 2001 Handbook of Fundamentals.
- (4) From Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory study. This value is fixed and includes all equipment that is plugged into receptacle outlets.
- (5) From Table 146-C of the Standards for the applicable occupancy. ACMs shall use this value for the standard building design when lighting compliance is performed for the zone or area in question.
- (6) Developed from Section 121 and Table 121-A of the Standards.
- (7) Refer to residential water heating method.
- (8) The use of this occupancy category is an exceptional condition that shall appear on the exceptional conditions checklist and thus requires special justification and documentation and independent verification by the local enforcement agency.
- (9) For hotel/motel guest rooms and high-rise residential living spaces all these values are fixed and are the same for both the proposed design and the standard design. ACMs shall ignore user inputs that modify these assumptions for these two occupancies. Spaces in high-rise residential buildings other than living spaces, shall use the values for Housing, Public and Common Areas (either multi-family or senior housing).
- (10) For these occupancies, when the proposed design is required to have demand control ventilation by Section 121 (c) 3 the ventilation rate is the minimum that would occur at any time during occupied hours. Additional ventilation would be provided through demand controlled ventilation to maintain CO₂ levels according to Section 121 of the Standards.

Table N2-4 Schedule Types of Occupancies and Sub-Occupancies

Occupancy or Sub-Occupancy Type	Schedule
Atrium	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Auditorium	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Auto Repair	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Bar, Cocktail Lounge and Casino	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Barber and Beauty Shop	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Classrooms, Lecture, Training, Vocational Room	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Civic Meeting Space	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Commercial and Industrial Storage	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Convention, Conference, Multipurpose, and Meeting Centers	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Corridors, Restrooms, Stairs, and Support Areas	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Dining	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Electrical, Mechanical Room	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Exercise Center, Gymnasium	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Exhibit, Museum	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Financial Transaction	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Dry Cleaning (Coin Operated)	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Dry Cleaning (Full Service Commercial)	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
General Commercial and Industrial Work, High Bay	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
General Commercial and Industrial Work, Low Bay	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
General Commercial and Industrial Work, Precision	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Grocery Sales	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
High-rise Residential with Setback Thermostat	Table 2-7 Residential / with Setback
High-rise Residential without Setback Thermostat	Table 2-8 Residential / without Setback
Hotel Function Area	Table 2-6 Hotel Function
Hotel/Motel Guest Room with Setback Thermostat	Table 2-7 Residential / with Setback
Hotel/Motel Guest Room without Setback Thermostat	Table 2-8 Residential / without Setback
Housing, Public and Commons Areas, Multi-family with Setback Thermostat	Table 2-7 Residential / with Setback
Housing, Public and Commons Areas, Multi-family without Setback Thermostat	Table 2-8 Residential / without Setback Thermostat
Housing, Public and Common Areas, Dormitory, Senior Housing with Setback	Table 2-7 Residential / with Setback Thermostat
Housing, Public and Commons Areas, Dormitory, Senior Housing without	Table 2-8 Residential / without Setback Setback Thermostat
Kitchen, Food Preparation	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Laundry	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Library, Reading Areas	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Library, Stacks	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Lobby, Hotel	Table 2-6 Hotel Function
Lobby, Main Entry	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Locker/Dressing Room	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Lounge, Recreation	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Mall	Table 2-9 Retail
Medical and Clinical Care	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Office	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Police Station and Fire Station	Table 2-5 Nonresidential

Occupancy or Sub-Occupancy Type	Schedule
Religious Worship	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Retail Merchandise Sales, Wholesale Showroom	Table 2-9 Retail
Tenant Lease Space	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Theater, Motion Picture	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Theater, Performance	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Transportation Function	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
Waiting Area	Table 2-5 Nonresidential
All Other	Table 2-5 Nonresidential

Table N2-5 Nonresidential Occupancy Schedules (Other than Retail)

		Hour																							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Heating (°F)	WD	60	60	60	60	60	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	65	60	60	60	60	60
	Sat	60	60	60	60	60	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
	Sun	60	60	60	60	60	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Cooling (°F)	WD	77	77	77	77	77	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	77	77	77	77	77	77
	Sat	77	77	77	77	77	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	77	77	77	77	77	77
	Sun	77	77	77	77	77	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	73	77	77	77	77	77	77
Lights (%)	WD	5	5	5	5	10	20	40	70	80	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	80	35	10	10	10	10	10
	Sat	5	5	5	5	5	10	15	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	20	20	20	15	10	10	10	10	10	10
	Sun	5	5	5	5	5	10	10	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	10	10	10	5	5	5	5
Equipment (%)	WD	15	15	15	15	15	20	35	60	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	65	45	30	20	20	15	15	15
	Sat	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	20	25	25	25	25	25	25	20	20	20	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
	Sun	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Fans	WD	off	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off	off	off	off
	Sat	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off
	Sun	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off	off
Infiltration (%)	WD	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100
	Sat	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Sun	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
People (%)	WD	0	0	0	0	5	10	25	65	65	65	65	60	60	65	65	65	65	40	25	10	5	5	5	0
	Sat	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
	Sun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	0	0	0
Hot Water (%)	WD	0	0	0	0	10	10	50	50	50	50	70	90	90	50	50	70	50	50	50	10	10	10	10	0
	Sat	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	10	10	10	0	0	0	0
	Sun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	0	0	0	0

Table N2-6 Hotel Function Occupancy Schedules

		Hour																							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Heating (°F)	WD	55	55	55	55	55	55	63	68	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	55	55
	Sat	55	55	55	55	55	55	63	68	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	55	55
	Sun	55	55	55	55	55	55	63	68	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	55	55
Cooling (°F)	WD	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	95
	Sat	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	95
	Sun	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	95
Lights (%)	WD	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	25	50	90	90	90	90	90	90	75	50	50	50	50	10	5	5
	Sat	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	25	50	90	90	90	90	90	90	75	50	50	50	50	10	5	5
	Sun	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	25	50	90	90	90	90	90	90	75	50	50	50	50	10	5	5
Equipment (%)	WD	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	50	50	50	50	30	50	50	50	30	10	30	30	30	10	5	5
	Sat	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	50	50	50	50	30	50	50	50	30	10	30	30	30	10	5	5
	Sun	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	50	50	50	50	30	50	50	50	30	10	30	30	30	10	5	5
Fans	WD	off	off	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off
	Sat	off	off	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off
	Sun	off	off	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off
Infiltration (%)	WD	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
	Sat	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
	Sun	100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
People (%)	WD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	35	90	90	90	25	90	90	90	50	25	50	50	50	10	0	0
	Sat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	35	90	90	90	25	90	90	90	50	25	50	50	50	10	0	0
	Sun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	35	90	90	90	25	90	90	90	50	25	50	50	50	10	0	0
Hot Water (%)	WD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	35	90	90	90	25	90	90	90	50	25	50	50	50	10	0	0
	Sat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	35	90	90	90	25	90	90	90	50	25	50	50	50	10	0	0
	Sun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	35	90	90	90	25	90	90	90	50	25	50	50	50	10	0	0

Table N2-7 Residential Occupancy Schedules (Including Hotel/Motel Guest Rooms) with Setback Thermostat for Heating

		Hour																							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Heating (°F)	WD	60	60	60	60	60	60	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	60	60
	Sat	60	60	60	60	60	60	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	60	60
	Sun	60	60	60	60	60	60	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	60	60
Cooling (°F)	WD	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
	Sat	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
	Sun	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
Lights (%)	WD	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sat	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sun	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
Equipment (%)	WD	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sat	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sun	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
Fans	WD	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on
	Sat	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on
	Sun	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on
Infiltration (%)	WD	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Sat	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Sun	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
People (%)	WD	90	90	90	90	90	90	70	40	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	30	50	50	50	70	70	80	90	90
	Sat	90	90	90	90	90	90	70	40	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	30	50	50	50	70	70	80	90	90
	Sun	90	90	90	90	90	90	70	40	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	30	50	50	50	70	70	80	90	90
Hot Water (%)	WD	0	0	0	5	5	5	80	70	50	40	25	25	25	25	50	60	70	70	40	25	20	20	5	5
	Sat	0	0	0	5	5	5	80	70	50	40	25	25	25	25	50	60	70	70	40	25	20	20	5	5
	Sun	0	0	0	5	5	5	80	70	50	40	25	25	25	25	50	60	70	70	40	25	20	20	5	5

Table N2-8

**Residential Occupancy Schedules (Including Hotel/Motel Guest Rooms)
without Setback Thermostat**

		Hour																							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Heating (°F)	WD	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68
	Sat	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68
	Sun	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	68
Cooling (°F)	WD	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
	Sat	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
	Sun	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78	78
Lights (%)	WD	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sat	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sun	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
Equipment (%)	WD	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sat	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
	Sun	10	10	10	10	10	30	45	45	45	45	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	60	80	90	80	60	30
Fans	WD	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on
	Sat	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on
	Sun	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on
Infiltration (%)	WD	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Sat	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Sun	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
People (%)	WD	90	90	90	90	90	90	70	40	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	30	50	50	50	70	70	80	90	90
	Sat	90	90	90	90	90	90	70	40	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	30	50	50	50	70	70	80	90	90
	Sun	90	90	90	90	90	90	70	40	40	20	20	20	20	20	20	30	50	50	50	70	70	80	90	90
Hot Water (%)	WD	0	0	0	5	5	5	80	70	50	40	25	25	25	25	50	60	70	70	40	25	20	20	5	5
	Sat	0	0	0	5	5	5	80	70	50	40	25	25	25	25	50	60	70	70	40	25	20	20	5	5
	Sun	0	0	0	5	5	5	80	70	50	40	25	25	25	25	50	60	70	70	40	25	20	20	5	5

Table N2-9 Retail Occupancy Schedules

		Hour																							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Heating (°F)	WD	60	60	60	60	60	63	65	68	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	65	65	65	65	60
	Sat	60	60	60	60	60	63	65	68	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	65	65	65	65	60
	Sun	60	60	60	60	60	63	65	68	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	65	65	65	65	60
Cooling (°F)	WD	80	80	80	80	80	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	80	80
	Sat	80	80	80	80	80	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	80	80
	Sun	80	80	80	80	80	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	74	80	80
Lights (%)	WD	20	20	20	20	20	30	40	65	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	80	65	50	35	25
	Sat	20	20	20	20	20	30	40	65	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	80	65	50	35	25
	Sun	20	20	20	20	20	30	40	65	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	80	65	50	35	25
Equipment (%)	WD	20	20	20	20	20	25	30	45	60	75	75	75	70	75	75	75	75	75	65	55	45	35	25	20
	Sat	20	20	20	20	20	25	30	45	60	75	75	75	70	75	75	75	75	75	65	55	45	35	25	20
	Sun	20	20	20	20	20	25	30	45	60	75	75	75	70	75	75	75	75	75	65	55	45	35	25	20
Fans	WD	off	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off	off	off
	Sat	off	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off	off	off
	Sun	off	off	off	off	off	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	on	off	off	off
Infiltration (%)	WD	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	
	Sat	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	
	Sun	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	
People (%)	WD	5	5	5	5	5	5	15	25	40	55	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	65	50	35	20	10	5
	Sat	5	5	5	5	5	5	15	25	40	55	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	65	50	35	20	10	5
	Sun	5	5	5	5	5	5	15	25	40	55	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	65	50	35	20	10	5
Hot Water (%)	WD	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	50	50	70	90	90	50	50	70	50	50	50	10	10	0	0	0
	Sat	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	50	50	70	90	90	50	50	70	50	50	50	10	10	0	0	0
	Sun	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	50	50	70	90	90	50	50	70	50	50	50	10	10	0	0	0

Appendix D – 2005 California Nonresidential ACM Approval Manual Illuminance Categories and Luminaire Power

NONRESIDENTIAL ACM MANUAL APPENDIX NB

Appendix NB - Illuminance Categories and Luminaire Power

Illuminance Categories

Please see Chapter 10 in the IESNA Lighting Handbook, Ninth Edition.

Illuminance Categories and Luminaire Power

Luminaire power shall be taken from the following tables.

Table NB-1 – Fluorescent Circline

Table NB-2 – Compact Fluorescent 2D

Table NB-3 – Compact Fluorescent

Table NB-4 – Long Compact Fluorescent

Table NB-5 – Fluorescent U-Tubes

Table NB-6 – Fluorescent Linear Lamps – Preheat

Table NB-7 – Fluorescent Linear Lamps T5

Table NB-8 – Fluorescent Rapid Start T-8

Table NB-9 – Fluorescent Rapid Start T-12

Table NB-10 – Fluorescent Rapid Start High Output (HO) T8 & T12, 8 ft

Table NB-11 – Fluorescent Instant Start (single pin base "Slimline") T12, 4 ft

Table NB-12 – Fluorescent Instant Start (single pin base "Slimline") T8 & T12, 8 ft.

Table NB-13 – High Intensity Discharge

Table NB-14 – 12 Volt Tungsten Halogen Lamps Including MR16, Bi-pin, AR70, AR111, PAR36

Table NB-1 – Fluorescent Circline

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
Rapid Start (22 W)	1	FC8T9	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	27	8" OD
T5 Program Start (22 W)	1	FC9T5	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Light	28	8" OD
	2	FC9T5	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Light	53	
T5 Program Start (40 W)	1	FC12T5	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Light	41	12" OD
	2	FC12T5	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Light	80	
T5 Rapid Start (55 W)	1	FC12T5HO	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Light	55	12" OD
	2	FC12Tag5HO	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Light	103	
	1	FC12T5HO	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	12~59	
	2	FC12T5HO	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	24~114	
T5 Rapid Start (40 + 22 W)	1+1	FC12T5/FC9T5	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Light	68	8" & 12" OD

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-2 – Compact Fluorescent 2D

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
10W, GR10q-4 Four Pin Base	1	CFS10W/GR10q	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	16	3.6" across
	1	CFS10W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	13	
	2	CFS10W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	26	
16W, GR10q-4 Four Pin Base	1	CFS16W/GR10q	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	23	5.5" across
	1	CFS16W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	15	
	2	CFS16W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	30	
21W, GR10q-4 Four Pin Base	1	CFS21W/GR10q	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	31	5.5" across
	1	CFS21W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	21	
	2	CFS21W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	42	
28W, GR10q-4 Four Pin Base	1	CFS28W/GR10q	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	38	8.1" across
	1	CFS28W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	28	
	2	CFS28W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	56	
(38W, GR10q-4 Four Pin Base	1	CFS38W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	37	8.1" across
	2	CFS38W/GR10q	1	ELECT	Electronic	74	

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-3 – Compact Fluorescent

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment	
	Number	Designation	Number	Description			
Twin (5 W, G23 Two Pin Base - F5TT Lamp)	1	CFT5W/G23	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	9	4.1" MOL
	2	CFT5W/G23	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	18	
Twin (7 W, G23 Two Pin Base - F7TT Lamp)	1	CFT7W/G23	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	11	5.3" MOL
	2	CFT7W/G23	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	22	
Twin (7 W, 2G7 Four Pin Base - F7TT Lamp)	1	CFT7W/2G7	1	ELECT	Electronic	8	5.3" MOL
	2	CFT7W/2G7	2	ELECT	Electronic	16	
Twin (9 W, G23 Two Pin Base - F9TT Lamp)	1	CFT9W/G23	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	13	6.5" MOL
	2	CFT9W/G23	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	26	
Twin (9 W, 2G7 Four Pin Base - F9TT Lamp)	1	CFT9W/2G7	1	ELECT	Electronic	10	6.5" MOL
	2	CFT9W/2G7	2	ELECT	Electronic	20	
Twin (13 W, GX23 Two Pin Base - F13TT)	1	CFT13W/GX23	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	17	7.5" MOL
	2	CFT13W/GX23	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	34	
Twin (13 W, 2GX7 Four Pin Base - F13TT)	1	CFT13W/2GX7	1	ELECT	Electronic	17	7.5" MOL
	2	CFT13W/2GX7	2	ELECT	Electronic	34	
Quad (9 W, G23-2 Two Pin Base - F9DTT Lamp)	1	CFQ9W/G23-2	1	MAG STD 120	120 V Mag. Stand.	13	4.4" MOL
	2	CFQ9W/G23-2	2	MAG STD 120	120 V Mag. Stand.	26	
Quad (13 W, G24d-1 Two Pin Base - F13DTT Lamp)	1	CFQ13W/G24d -1	1	MAG STD 120	120 V Mag. Stand.	18	6.0" MOL
	2	CFQ13W/G24d -1	2	MAG STD 120	120 V Mag. Stand.	36	
	1	CFQ13W/G24d -1	1	MAG STD 277	277 V Mag. Stand.	16	
	2	CFQ13W/G24d -1	2	MAG STD 277	227 V Mag. Stand.	32	
Quad (13 W, GX23-2 Two Pin Base)	1	CFQ13W/GX2 3-2	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	17	4.8" MOL
	2	CFQ13W/GX2 3-2	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	34	
Quad (16W GX32d-1 Two Pin Base)	1	CFQ16W/GX3 2d-1	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	20	5.5" MOL
	2	CFQ16W/GX3 2d-1	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	40	
Quad (18 W, G24d-2 Two Pin Base - F18DTT Lamp)	1	CFQ18W/G24d -2	1	MAG STD 120	120 V Mag. Stand.	25	6.8" MOL
	2	CFQ18W/G24d -2	2	MAG STD 120	120 V Mag. Stand.	50	
	1	CFQ18W/G24d -2	1	MAG STD 277	227 V Mag. Stand.	22	

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Description		
	2	CFQ18W/G24d -2	2	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	44	
	1	CFQ22W/GX3 2d-2	1	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	27	6.0" MOL
Quad (22W, GX32d Two Pin Base)	2	CFQ22W/GX3 2d-2	2	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	54	
Quad (26 W, G24d-3 Two Pin Base - F26DTT Lamp)	1	CFQ26W/G24d -3	1	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	37	7.6" MOL
	2	CFQ26W/G24d -3	2	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	74	
	1	CFQ26W/G24d -3	1	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	33	
	2	CFQ26W/G24d -3	2	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	66	
	1	CFQ26W/G24d -3	1	ELECT 277V 277 V Electronic	27	
	2	CFQ26W/G24d -3	2	ELECT 277V 277 V Electronic	54	
Quad (28W GX32d Two Pin Base)	1	CFQ28W/GX3 2d-3	1	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	34	6.8" MOL
	2	CFQ28W/GX3 2d-3	2	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	68	
Quad (10 W, G24q-1 Four Pin Base)	1	CFQ10W/G24q -1	1	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	16	4.6" MOL
	2	CFQ10W/G24q -1	2	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	32	
	1	CFQ10W/G24q -1	1	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	13	
	2	CFQ10W/G24q -1	2	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	26	
Quad (13 W, G24q-1 Four Pin Base)	1	CFQ13W/G24q -1	1	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	18	6.0" MOL
	2	CFQ13W/G24q -1	2	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	36	
	1	CFQ13W/G24q -1	1	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	16	
	2	CFQ13W/G24q -1	2	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	32	
	1	CFQ13W/G24q -1	1	ELECT Electronic	14	
	2	CFQ13W/G24q -1	2	ELECT Electronic	25	
Quad (13 W, GX7 Four Pin Base)	1	CFQ13W/GX7	1	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	17	4.8" MOL
	2	CFQ13W/GX7	2	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	34	
Quad (18 W, G24q-2 Four Pin Base)	1	CFQ18W/G24q -2	1	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	25	6.8" MOL

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Description		
	2	CFQ18W/G24q -2	2	MAG STD 120 120 V Mag. Stand.	50	
	1	CFQ18W/G24q -2	1	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	22	
	2	CFQ18W/G24q -2	2	MAG STD 277 227 V Mag. Stand.	44	
	1	CFQ18W/G24q -2	1	ELECT Electronic	21	
	2	CFQ18W/G24q -2	2	ELECT Electronic	38	
Triple (13 W, GX24q-1 Four Pin Base)	1	CFM 13W/GX24q-1	1	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	18	4.2" MOL
	2	CFM 13W/GX24q-1	2	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	36	
	1	CFM 13W/GX24q-1	1	ELECT Electronic	14	
	2	CFM 13W/GX24q-1	2	ELECT Electronic	25	
Triple (18W, GX24q-2 Four Pin Base)	1	CFM 18W/GX24q-2	1	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	25	5.0" MOL
	2	CFM 18W/GX24q-2	2	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	50	
	1	CFM 18W/GX24q-2	1	ELECT Electronic	21	
	2	CFM 18W/GX24q-2	2	ELECT Electronic	38	
Triple (26W, GX24q-3 Four Pin Base)	1	CFTR 26W/GX24q-3	1	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	37	4.9 to 5.4" MOL
	2	CFTR 26W/GX24q-3	2	MAG STD Mag. Stand.	74	
	1	CFTR 26W/GX24q-3	1	ELECT Electronic	28	
	2	CFTR 26W/GX24q-3	1	ELECT Electronic	55	
	1	CFTR 26W/GX24q-3	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	8~29	BF .05~1.0
	2	CFTR 26W/GX24q-3	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	12~57	BF .05~1.0
Triple (32 W, GX24q-3 Four Pin Base)	1	CFTR32WGX2 4q-3	1	ELECT Electronic	35	
	2	CFTR32WGX2 4q-3	1	ELECT Electronic	69	
	1	CFTR32WGX2 4q-3	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	9~38	BF .05~1.05
	2	CFTR32WGX2 4q-3	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	20~76	BF .05~1.05

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment	
	Number	Designation	Number	Description			
Triple or Quad (42W, GX24q-4 Four Pin Base)	1	CFTR42WGX2 4q-4	1	ELECT	Electronic	46	
	2	CFTR42WGX2 4q-4	1	ELECT	Electronic	94	
	1	CFTR42WGX2 4q-4	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	10~49	BF .05~1.05
	2	CFTR42WGX2 4q-4	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	20~98	BF .05~1.05
Triple or Quad (57W, GX24q-5 Four Pin Base)	1	CFTR57WGX2 4q-5	1	ELECT	Electronic	62	
	1	CFTR57WGX2 4q-5	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	18~66	BF .05~1.05
Triple or Quad (70W, GX24q-6 Four Pin Base)	1	CFTR70WGX2 4q-6	1	ELECT	Electronic	75	
	1	CFTR70WGX2 4q-6	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	18~80	BF .05~1.00

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-4 –Long Compact Fluorescent

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment	
	Number	Designation	Number	Description			
T5 Twin (18W - F18TT Lamp)	1	FT18W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	23	BF~1.0
	2	FT18W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	46	BF~1.0
	3	FT18W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	69	
	1	FT18W/2G11	1	ELECT	Electronic	24	
	2	FT18W/2G11	1	ELECT	Electronic	35	
	3	FT18W/2G11	1	ELECT	Electronic	52	
T5 Twin (24-27W- F24TT or F27TT Lamp)	1	FT24W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	32	
	2	FT24W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	66	
	3	FT24W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	98	
	1	FT24W/2G11	1	ELECT	Electronic	27	BF~1.0
	2	FT24W/2G11	1	ELECT	Electronic	52	BF~1.0
T5 Twin (36-39W - F36TT or F39TT Lamp)	1	FT36W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	51	
	2	FT36W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	66	
	3	FT36W/2G11	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	117	
	1	FT36W/2G11	1	ELECT	Electronic	37	
	2	FT36W/2G11	1	ELECT	Electronic	70	
	1	FT36W/2G11	1	ELECTHO	Electronic High Output	46	BF=1.22
	2	FT36W/2G11	1	ELECTHO	Electronic High Output	86	BF=1.20
T5 Twin (40 W - F40TT Lamp)	1	FT40W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	43	
	2	FT40W/2G11	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	86	
	3	FT40W/2G11	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	130	
Electronic Ballasts	1	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT NO	Electronic	41	BF~.90
	2	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT NO1	Electronic	72	BF~.88
	2	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT NO2	Electronic	78	BF~.97
	3	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT NO	Electronic	103	BF~.86
	1	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	50	BF ~ 1.1
	1	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM1	Electronic Dimming	10-41	BF .05~1.0
	2	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM1	Electronic Dimming	17-80	BF .05~1.0
	1	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM2	Electronic Dimming	11-38	BF .05~.88
	2	FT40W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM2	Electronic Dimming	16-76	BF .05~.88
	T5 Twin (50 W - F50TT Lamp)	1	FT50W/2G11	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	54
2		FT50W/2G11	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	106	BF~.98
1		FT50W/2G11	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	61	BF~1.12
2		FT50W/2G11	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	115	BF~1.10
1		FT50W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	51	

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
	2	FT50W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	92	
T5 Twin (55 W - F55TT Lamp)	1	FT55W/2G11	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	58	BF~.92
	2	FT55W/2G11	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	109	BF~.90
	1	FT55W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	13-59	BF .03~.90
	2	FT55W/2G11	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	24-114	BF .03~.90
T5 Twin (80 W – F80TT Lamp)	1	FT80W/2G11	1	ELECT NO	Electronic	91	BF~1.00

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-5 – Fluorescent U-Tubes

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment	
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation Description			
2 ft. Fluorescent U-Tube T8 (32W - FBO31T8 or F32T8/U/6 Lamp)	1	FB31T8/F32T8U	0.5	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	35	Tandem wired	
	1	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	36		
	2	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	69		
	3	FB31T8/F32T8U	1.5	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	104	Tandem wired	
	3	FB31T8/F32T8U	2	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	105		
	1	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT NO Electronic Normal Output	39		
	2	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT NO Electronic Normal Output	62		
	3	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT NO Electronic Normal Output	92		
	4	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT NO Electronic Normal Output			
	1	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	9~33	BF .05~.88	
	2	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	14~64	BF .05~.88	
	3	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	18~93	BF .05~.88	
	4	FB31T8/F32T8U	1	ELECT DIM Electronic Dimming	25~116	BF .05~.88	
	2 ft. Fluorescent U-Tube T12 ("Energy Saving" 34W)	1	FB40T12/ES	0.5	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	36	Tandem wired
		1	FB40T12/ES	1	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	43	
		2	FB40T12/ES	1	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	72	
3		FB40T12/ES	1	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	105		
3		FB40T12/ES	1.5	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	108	Tandem wired	
3		FB40T12/ES	2	MAG. Mag. Energy Efficient	115		
1		FB40T12/ES	0.5	ELECT Electronic	30	Tandem wired	
1		FB40T12/ES	1	ELECT Electronic	31		
2		FB40T12/ES	1	ELECT Electronic	59		
3		FB40T12/ES	1	ELECT Electronic	90		
3		FB40T12/ES	1.5	ELECT Electronic	88	Tandem wired	
3		FB40T12/ES	2	ELECT Electronic	90		

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-6 – Fluorescent Linear Lamps – Preheat

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Nmbr	Designation	Nmbr	Designation	Description		
Fluorescent Preheat T5 (8W)	1	F8T5	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	12	12" MOL
Fluorescent Preheat T8 (15W)	1	F15T8	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	19	18" MOL
Fluorescent Preheat T12 (15W)	1	F15T12	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	19	18" MOL
Fluorescent Preheat T12 (20W)	1	F20T12	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	25	24" MOL
	2	F20T12	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	50	24" MOL
Fluorescent Preheat T8 (30W)	1	F30T8	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	46	30" MOL
	2	F30T8	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	79	30" MOL

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-7 – Fluorescent Linear Lamps T5

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
~23" Fluorescent Program Start T5 (14W)	1	F14T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	18	
	2	F14T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	34	
~34.5" Fluorescent Program Start T5 (21W)	1	F21T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	27	
	2	F21T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	50	
~46" Fluorescent Program Start T5 (28W)	1	F28T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	30	
	2	F28T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	60	
~58.5" Fluorescent Program Start T5 (35W)	1	F35T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	40	
	2	F35T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	78	
~23" Fluorescent Program Start T5 High Output (24W)	1	F24T5HO	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	27	
	2	F24T5HO	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	52	
~34.5" Fluorescent Program Start T5 High Output(39W)	1	F39T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	43	
	2	F39T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	85	
~46" Fluorescent Program Start T5 High Output (54W)	1	F54T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	62	
	2	F54T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	117	

	1	F54T5	1	ELECT DIM	Elect. Dimming	12-63
	2	F54T5	1	ELECT DIM	Elect. Dimming	24-125
~57.5" Fluorescent Program Start T5 High Output (80W)	1	°F80T5	1	ELECT	Elect. Program Start BF=1	89

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-8 – Fluorescent Rapid Start T-8

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
2 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T8 (17W)	1	F17T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	24	
	2	F17T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	45	
Electronic Ballasts	1	F17T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	22	
	2	F17T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	33	
	3	F17T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	53	
	3	F17T8	2	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	55	
	4	F17T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	63	
2 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T8 (17W)	1	F17T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	8~20	BF .05~.88
	2	F17T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	10~37	BF .05~.88
	3	F17T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	12~56	BF .05~.88
	4	F17T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	18~69	BF .05~.88
3 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T8 (25W)	1	F25T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	33	
	2	F25T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	65	
Electronic Ballasts	1	F25T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	27	
	2	F25T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	48	
	3	F25T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	68	
	4	F25T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	89	
	1	F25T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	24	
	2	F25T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	41	
	3	F25T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	59	
	4	F25T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	76	
	1	F25T8	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	29	BF~1.05
	2	F25T8	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	51	BF~1.05
	3	F25T8	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	74	BF~1.05
	1	F25T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	8~25	BF .05~.94
	2	F25T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	13~49	BF .05~.94
	3	F25T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	16~76	BF .05~.94

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment	
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description			
	4	F25T8	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming	22~96	BF .05~.88	
4 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 for T-8 ballasts ("Energy Saving" 25W)	1	F25T12ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	27		
	2	F25T12ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	52		
	3	F25T12ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	77		
	4	F25T12ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	95		
4 foot Fluorescent Instant Start T8 ("Energy Saving" 30W)	1	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	29		
	2	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	54		
	3	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	79		
	4	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	104		
	1	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	27		
	2	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	48		
	3	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	70		
	4	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	91		
	1	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO EE	EE Normal Output	33		
	2	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO EE	Energy efficiency Normal Output	52		
	3	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO EE	Energy efficiency Normal Output	77		
	4	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT NO EE	Energy efficiency Normal Output	101		
	1	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO EE	EE Reduced Output	28		
	2	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO EE	EE Reduced Output	45		
	3	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO EE	EE Reduced Output	66		
	4	F32T8/30ES	1	ELECT RO EE	EE Reduced Output	88		
	4 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T8 (32W)	1	F32T8	0.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	35	Tandem wired
		1	F32T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	39	
		2	F32T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	70	

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment		
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation			Description	
	3	F32T8	1.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	105	Tandem wired	
	3	F32T8	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	109		
	4	F32T8	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	140	(2) two-lamp ballasts	
4 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T8 (32W)	1	F32T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	32		
	2	F32T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	62		
	3	F32T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	93		
	4	F32T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	114		
	1	F32T8	1	EE NO	EE Normal Output	35		
	2	F32T8	1	EE NO	EE Normal Output	55		
	3	F32T8	1	EE NO	EE Normal Output	82		
	4	F32T8	1	EE NO	EE Normal Output	107		
	1	F32T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	29		
	2	F32T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	51		
	3	F32T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	76		
	4	F32T8	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduced Output	98		
	2	F32T8	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	77	BF~1.13	
	3	F32T8	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	112	BF~1.18	
	1	F32T8	1	EE RO	EE Reduced Output	30		
	2	F32T8	1	EE RO	EE Reduced Output	48		
	3	F32T8	1	EE RO	EE Reduced Output	73		
	4	F32T8	1	EE RO	EE Reduced Output	96		
	2	F32T8	1	ELECT TL	Electronic Two Level (50 & 100%)	65		
	1	F32T8	1	ELECT DIM1	Electronic Dimming	9~35	BF .05~1.0	
	2	F32T8	1	ELECT DIM1	Electronic Dimming	15~68	BF .05~1.0	
	3	F32T8	1	ELECT DIM1	Electronic Dimming	20~102	BF .05~1.0	
	1	F32T8	1	ELECT DIM2	Electronic Dimming	9~33	BF .05~.88	
	2	F32T8	1	ELECT DIM2	Electronic Dimming	14~64	BF .05~.88	
	3	F32T8	1	ELECT DIM2	Electronic Dimming	18~93	BF .05~.88	
	4	F32T8	1	ELECT DIM2	Electronic Dimming	25~116	BF .05~.88	
	5 foot Fluorescent	1	F40T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	50	

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
Rapid Start T8 (40W)	2	F40T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	92	
	1	F40T8	1	ELECT	Electronic	46	
	2	F40T8	1	ELECT	Electronic	79	
	3	F40T8	1	ELECT	Electronic	112	
3 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 ("Energy-Saving" 25W)	1	F30T12/ES	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	42	
	2	F30T12/ES	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	74	
	3	F30T12/ES	1.5	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	111	Tandem wired
	3	F30T12/ES	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	116	
	2	F30T12/ES	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	66	
	1	F30T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	26	
	2	F30T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	53	
	1	F30T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	53	
3 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 ("Stand." 30W)	1	F30T12	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	46	
	2	F30T12	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	79	
	3	F30T12	1.5	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	118	Tandem wired
	3	F30T12	2	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	125	
	2	F30T12	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	73	
	1	F30T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	30	
	2	F30T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	60	
	1	F30T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	60	
4 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 ("Energy-Saving Plus" 32W)	1	F40T12/ES Plus	0.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	34	Tandem wired
	1	F40T12/ES Plus	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	41	
	2	F40T12/ES Plus	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	68	
	3	F40T12/ES Plus	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	99	
	3	F40T12/ES Plus	1.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	102	Tandem wired
	3	F40T12/ES Plus	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	109	
	4	F40T12/ES Plus	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	136	(2) Two-lamp ballasts

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-9 – Fluorescent Rapid Start T-12

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
4 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 ("Energy-Saving"34W)	1	F40T12/ES	0.5	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	42	Tandem wired
	1	F40T12/ES	1	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	48	
	2	F40T12/ES	1	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	82	
	3	F40T12/ES	1.5	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	122	Tandem wired
	3	F40T12/ES	2	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	130	
	4	F40T12/ES	2	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	164	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
	1	F40T12/ES	0.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	36	Tandem wired
	1	F40T12/ES	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	43	
	2	F40T12/ES	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	72	
	3	F40T12/ES	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	105	
	3	F40T12/ES	1.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	108	Tandem wired
	3	F40T12/ES	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	112	
	4	F40T12/ES	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	144	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
	2	F40T12/ES	1	MAG HC	Mag. Heater Cutout	58	
	3	F40T12/ES	1.5	MAG HC	Mag. Heater Cutout	87	Tandem wired
	4	F40T12/ES	2	MAG HC	Mag. Heater Cutout	116	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
	2	F40T12/ES	1	MAG HC FO	Mag. Heater Cutout Full Light	66	
	3	F40T12/ES	1.5	MAG HC FO	Mag. Heater Cutout Full Light	99	Tandem wired
	4	F40T12/ES	2	MAG HC FO	Mag. Heater Cutout Full Light	132	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
	1	F40T12/ES	0.5	ELECT	Electronic	30	Tandem wired
	1	F40T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	31	
	2	F40T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	62	
	3	F40T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	90	
	3	F40T12/ES	1.5	ELECT	Electronic	93	Tandem wired
	3	F40T12/ES	2	ELECT	Electronic	93	
	4	F40T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	121	
	4	F40T12/ES	2	ELECT	Electronic	124	(2) Two-lamp ballasts

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment	
	Number	Designation	Number	Description			
	2	F40T12/ES	1	ELECT AO	Elec. Adjustable Output (to 15%)	60	
	3	F40T12/ES	1.5	ELECT AO	Elec. Adjustable Output (to 15%)	90	Tandem wired
	4	F40T12/ES	2	ELECT AO	Elec. Adjustable Output (to 15%)	120	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
4 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start Stand. (40W)	1	F40T12	0.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	44	Tandem wired
	1	F40T12	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	46	
	2	F40T12	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	88	
	3	F40T12	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	127	
	3	F40T12	1.5	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	132	Tandem wired
	3	F40T12	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	134	
	4	F40T12	2	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	176	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
	2	F40T12	1	MAG HC	Mag. Heater Cutout	71	
	3	F40T12	1.5	MAG HC	Mag. Heater Cutout	107	Tandem wired
	4	F40T12	2	MAG HC	Mag. Heater Cutout	142	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
4 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start Stand. (40W) cont.	2	°F40T12	1	MAG °F FO	Mag. Heater Cutout Full Light	80	
	3	°F40T12	1.5	MAG °F FO	Mag. Heater Cutout Full Light	120	Tandem wired
	4	°F40T12	2	MAG °F FO	Mag. Heater Cutout Full Light	160	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
	1	°F40T12	0.5	ELECT	Electronic	36	Tandem wired
	1	°F40T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	37	
	2	°F40T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	72	
	3	°F40T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	107	
	3	°F40T12	1.5	ELECT	Electronic	108	Tandem wired
	3	°F40T12	2	ELECT	Electronic	109	
	4	°F40T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	135	
	4	°F40T12	2	ELECT	Electronic	144	(2) Two-lamp ballasts
	2	°F40T12	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduce Output (75%)	61	
	3	°F40T12	1	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduce Output (75%)	90	

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation		
	3	*F40T12	1.5	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduce Output (75%)	92 Tandem wired
	4	*F40T12	2	ELECT RO	Electronic Reduce Output (75%)	122 (2) Two-lam ballasts
	2	*F40T12	1	ELECT TL	Elec. Two Level (50 & 100%)	69
	3	*F40T12	1.5	ELECT TL	Elec. Two Level (50 & 100%)	104 Tandem wired
	4	*F40T12	2	ELECT TL	Elec. Two Level (50 & 100%)	138 (2) Two-lam ballasts
	2	*F40T12	1	ELECT AO	Elec. Adjustable Output (to 15%)	73
	3	*F40T12	1.5	ELECT AO	Elec. Adjustable Output (to 15%)	110 Tandem wired
	4	*F40T12	2	ELECT AO	Elec. Adjustable Output (to 15%)	146 (2) Two-lam ballasts
	2	*F40T12	1	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming (to 1%)	83
	3	*F40T12	1.5	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming (to 1%)	125 Tandem wired
	4	*F40T12	2	ELECT DIM	Electronic Dimming (to 1%)	166 (2) Two-lam ballasts

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-10 – Fluorescent Rapid Start High Output (HO) T8 & T12, 8 ft

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
8 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T8 High Output (86W)	1	F96T8/HO	1	ELECT	Electronic	88	
	2	F96T8/HO	1	ELECT	Electronic	160	
8 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 High Output ("Energy-Saving" 95W)	1	F96T12/HO/ES	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	125	
	2	F96T12/HO/ES	1	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	227	
	2	F96T12/HO/ES	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	208	
	2	F96T12/HO/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	170	
8 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 High Output ("Stand." 110W)	1	F96T12/HO	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	140	
	2	F96T12/HO	1	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	252	
	2	F96T12/HO	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	237	
	1	F96T12/HO	1	ELECT	Electronic	119	
	2	F96T12/HO	1	ELECT	Electronic	205	
8 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 Very High Output ("Energy-Saving" 195W)	1	F96T12/VHO/ES	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	200	
	2	F96T12/VHO/ES	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	325	
8 foot Fluorescent Rapid Start T12 Very High Output ("Stand." 215W)	1	Stand.96T12/VHO	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	230	
	2	Stand.96T12/VHO	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	440	

RO = ballast factor 70 to 85% NO = ballast factor 85 to 100% HO = ballast factor >100%

Table NB-11 – Fluorescent Instant Start (single pin base "Slimline") T12, 4 ft

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
4 foot Fluorescent Slimline Energy-Saving T12 (32W)	1	Stand.48T12/ES	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	51	
	2	Stand.48T12/ES	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	82	
4 foot Fluorescent Slimline Stand. Stand. (39W)	1	Stand.48T12	1	MAG Stand.	Mag. Stand.	59	
	2	Stand.48T12	1	MAG Stand.	Mag. Stand.	98	

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Table NB-12 – Fluorescent Instant Start (single pin base "Slimline") T8 & T12, 8 ft.

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
8 foot Fluorescent T8 Slimline (59W)	1	F96T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Stand.	58	
	2	F96T8	1	MAG.	Mag. Stand.	120	
	2	F96T8	1	ELECT NO	Electronic Normal Output	110	
	1	F96T8	1	ELECT HO	Electronic High Output	72	BF~1.10
	2	F96T8	1	ELECT HO1	Electronic High Output	140	BF~1.10
	2	F96T8	1	ELECT HO2	Electronic High Output	151	BF~1.20
8 foot Fluorescent T12 Slimline ("Energy- Saving" 60W)	1	F96T12/ES	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	74	
	2	F96T12/ES	1	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	131	
	2	F96T12/ES	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	112	
	1	F96T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	70	
	2	F96T12/ES	1	ELECT	Electronic	107	
8 foot Fluorescent T12 Slimline ("Stand." 75W)	1	F96T12	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	92	
	2	F96T12	1	MAG STD**	Mag. Stand.	158	
	2	F96T12	1	MAG.	Mag. Energy Efficient	144	
	1	F96T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	85	
	2	F96T12	1	ELECT	Electronic	132	

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Table NB-13 – High Intensity Discharge

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
Mercury Vapor	1	H40	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	51	
	1	H50	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	63	
	1	H75	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	88	
	1	H100	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	119	
	1	H175	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	197	
	1	H250	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	285	
	1	H400	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	450	
	1	H1000	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	1080	
Metal Halide	1	M35/39	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	48	
	1	M35/39	1	ELECT	Electronic	44	
	1	M50	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	68	
	1	M50	1	ELECT	Electronic	58	
	1	M70	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	92	
	1	M70	1	ELECT	Electronic	86	
	1	M100	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	122	
	1	M100	1	ELECT	Electronic	110	
	1	M125	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	150	
	1	M150	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	186	
	1	M150	1	ELECT	Electronic	168	
	1	M175	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	205	
	1	M200	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	232	
	1	M225	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	258	
	1	M250	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	295	
	1	M320	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	365	
	1	M320	1	MAG LR	277v Linear Reactor	345	
	1	M360	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	422	
	1	M360	1	MAG LR	277v Linear Reactor	388	
	1	M400	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	461	
	1	M400	1	MAG LR	277v Linear Reactor	426	
	1	M450	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	502	
	1	M450	1	MAG LR	277v Linear Reactor	478	
1	M750	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	820		
1	M900	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	990		
1	M1000	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	1080		
1	M1500	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	1650		
1	M1650	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	1810		

Type	Lamps		Ballasts			System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description		
High Pressure Sodium	1	S35	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	44	
	1	S50	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	61	
	1	S70	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	93	
	1	S100	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	116	
	1	S150	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	173	
	1	S200	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	240	
	1	S250	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	302	
	1	S400	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	469	
High Pressure Sodium <i>cont.</i>	1	S1000	1	MAG STD	Mag. Stand.	1090	
Low Pressure Sodium	1	LPS18	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	30	
	1	LPS35	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	60	
	1	LPS55	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	80	
	1	LPS90	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	125	
	1	LPS135	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	178	
	1	LPS180	1	MAG STAND.	Mag. Stand.	220	

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Table NB-14 – 12 Volt Tungsten Halogen Lamps Including MR16, Bi-pin, AR70, AR111, PAR36

Type	Lamps		Ballasts		System Watts	Comment
	Number	Designation	Number	Designation	Description	
	1	20 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	23
	1	25 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	28
	1	35 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	38
	1	37 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	41
	1	42 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	45
	1	50 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	54
	1	65 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	69
	1	71 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	75
	1	75 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	80
	1	100 watt lamp	1	ELECT	Electronic Power Supply	106
	1	20 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	24
	1	25 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	29
	1	35 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	39
	1	37 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	42
	1	42 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	46
	1	50 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	55
	1	65 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	70
	1	71 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	76
	1	75 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	81
	1	100 watt lamp	1	MAG	Mag. Transformer	108

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

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